

## **Real-time Decision Making in Mineral Processing**

**Based on Laser Online Elemental Analysis** 

## **About Company**

**EKSMA** 

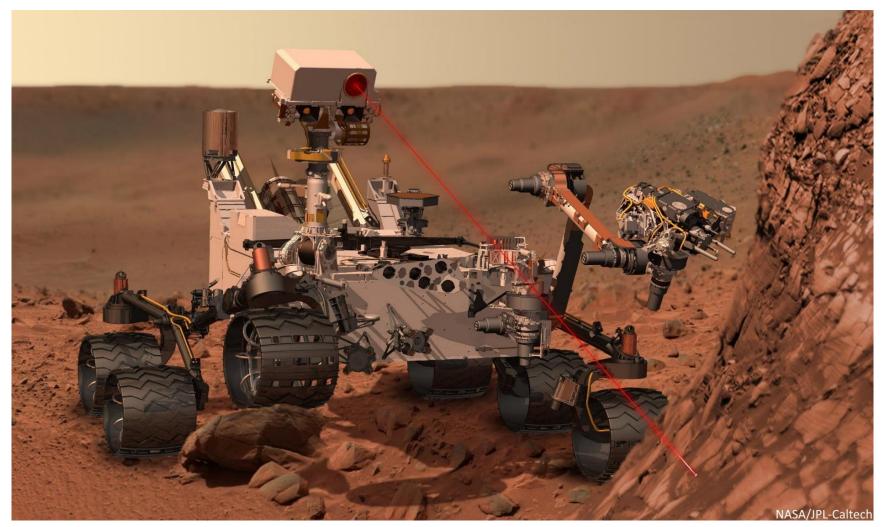
- LYNCIS is a laser measurements technology company based in Lithuania – one of the biggest European centres of laser and spectral technologies.
- **Expertise** material sampling, laser spectroscopy, chemometrics and machine learning
- Strong technical team including PhD specialists in technologies, physics and mathematics
- Member of Lithuanian Laser Association



TERAVIL

Spranao.

## LIBS - Technology used for Mars rock chemical analysis by NASA



This artists concept depicts the rover Curiosity as it uses its Chemistry and Camera (ChemCam) instrument to investigate the composition of a rock surface.

# LIBS capabilities bring advanced process opportunities to the mining and mineral processing industry!

## **Raw Material Online Chemical Analysis**

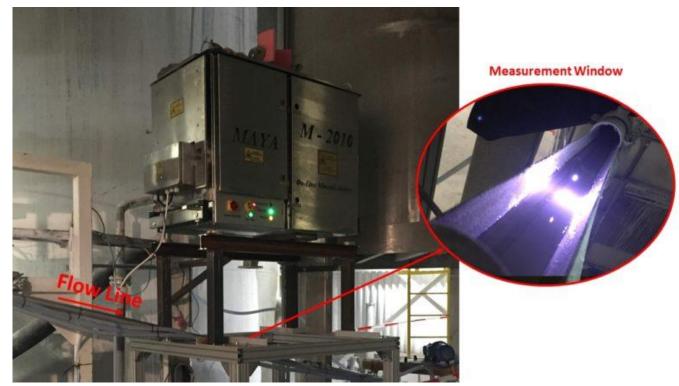
Real-time chemical analysis of material streams with no sample preparation. Simultaneous measurement directly above conveyor or liquid flow. Materials:

- Raw ore
- Dry mix
- Slurry/Brine
- And more ....

Online analysis above Conveyor belt



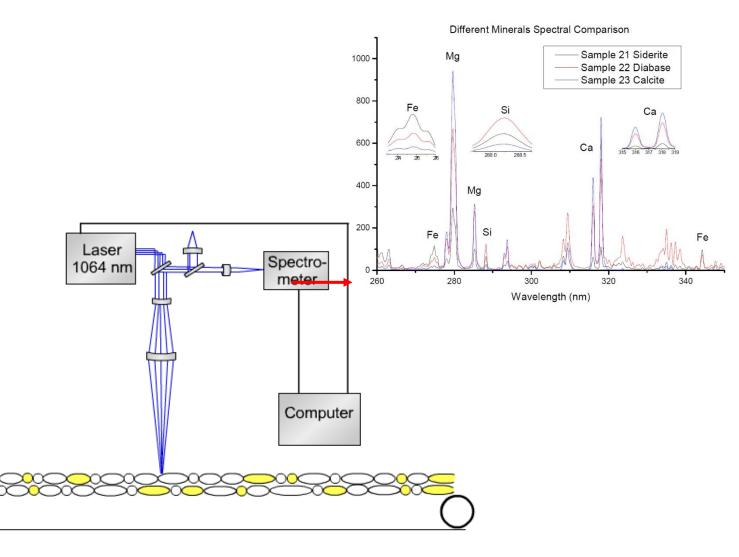
#### Online analysis of slurry/brine



## **Working Principles**

#### **Operation Principles:**

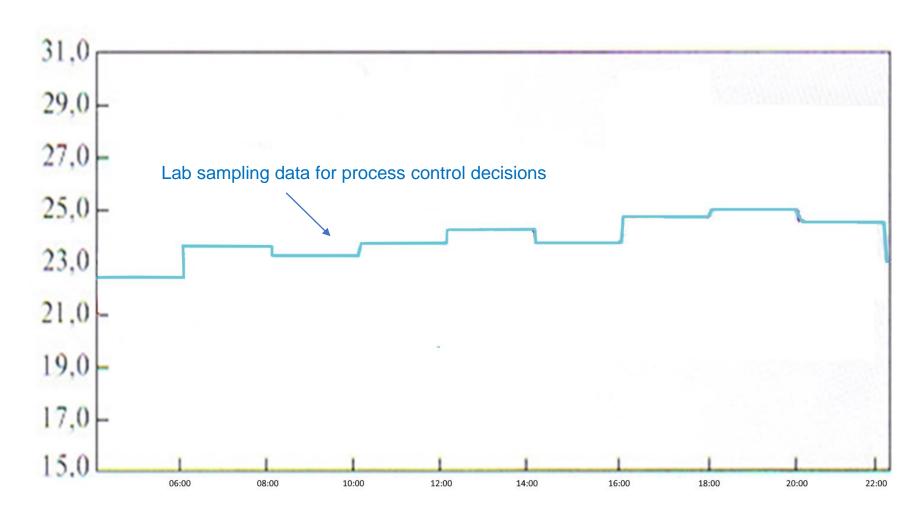
- 1. Pulsed laser beam is focused on the material
- 2. Solid/liquid material transforms to plasma around the focus point
- 3. When cooling, the plasma emits light
- 4. Spectrometer collects this light and produces a wavelength-based spectrum
- 5. Chemical analysis of all elements and minerals is calculated based on spectral data
- 6. The process is repeated thousands of times per minute to providing a representative measurement of bulk flow



## Why Online?

Conventional samplers and lab analysis might not tell you the true story of chemical composition variations in raw ore flow.

And if it does, the results come when it's often too late to change anything....



## Why Online?

#### *"If you cannot measure it, you cannot control it"* Lord Kelvin

31.0 29,0 27,0 The true variation might be not as you expected (red curve). 25,0 If you can control production 23,0 parameters in real-time - you can create additional value 21,0 from your raw ore. Real-time data of raw material chemistry variation 19,0 2. Lab sampling data for process control decisions 17,0 15.0 06:00 12:00 22:00 08:00 10:00 14:00 16:00 18:00 20:00

## Why Online?

#### Economic benefits from real-time information about product chemistry

#### **Optimal raw mix preparation**

- Raw material supply without impurities and low grades
- Optimal blending and dosage of additives/reagents
- Stable raw mix chemistry

# Optimal technological process

- Stable burning / smelting / flotation
- Stable product/ contaminations ratio
- Savings in fuel, energy and reagent consumption

#### Stable final product quality

- Increased production volume due to reduced positive tolerance
- Higher profits for higher grade products
- Reduced processing cost for off-grade ores
- Eliminated off-grade product penalties

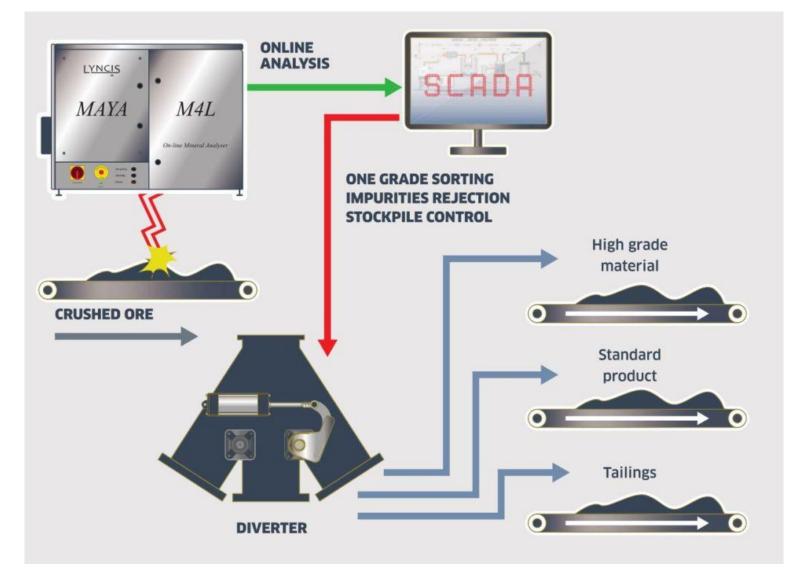


## **Applications**

#### **Effective Ore Sorting or Impurities Rejection**

Scenarios:

- A processing plant discards waste ٠ rock at the mining stage. The plant reduces the consumption of CO2 reagents and energy, emission from the drops calcination process. Less ore needs to be transported and the tailings management becomes easier.
- A mining company forms stockpiles based on the concentration of valuable minerals. The company sells higher grade ore at a higher price. Additional revenue is generated.
- Greenfield projects can benefit from smaller mill size requirements.



#### Deposit Rock

Refractories Industry - Magnesite Ore Mining



At the mine

#### Ore on a conveyor after crusher



Grain size - max 300 mm.

Conveyor speed – 1.5 m/s

Rate - 600 t/hr.

#### Ore Online Elemental Analyzer above a conveyor





A gravity diverter was installed 90 m from the analyzer

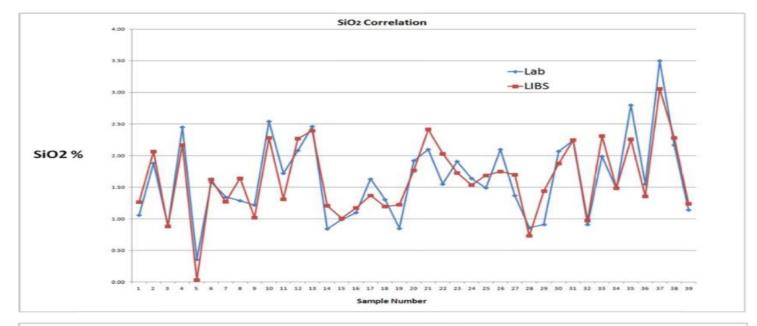
Automatic diversion control was implemented based on real-time chemical composition data from the analyzer

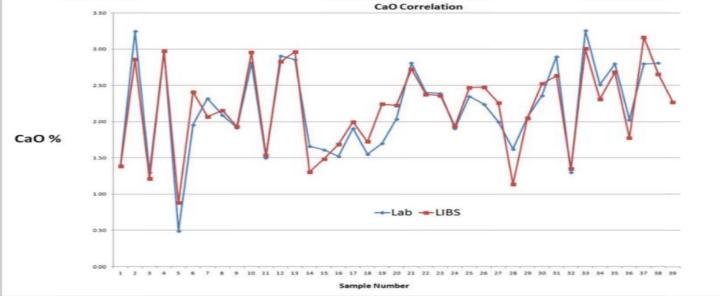
When  $SiO_2$  content in 60-second batch exceeds a threshold level, the batch is diverted to the waste pile



## **Plant Lab and LIBS Online comparison**

Online analysis measurement performance was assessed comparing the results with the plant lab sampling analysis.





70 MAYA-based sorting system 60 50 SiO2 contamination, % 05 07 Grain size 0-8 mm, grade MI Grain size 0-0,5mm Grain size 1-3 mm Grain size 0,5-1 mm 20 10 0 February March April May June July

 $SiO_2$  decision point for grade was set to 2,9%

After installation,  $SiO_2$  contamination in the final product has dropped and average concentration of  $SiO_2$  during 30 min meet desired < 3,0%

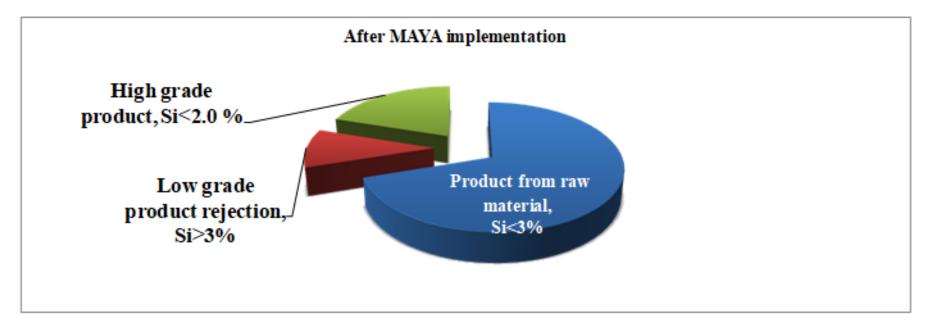
## Decreasing SiO<sub>2</sub> contamination in the final product



Payback ~ 2-3 months

Due to

- The products meets client's requirements
- Additional earnings from high grade product

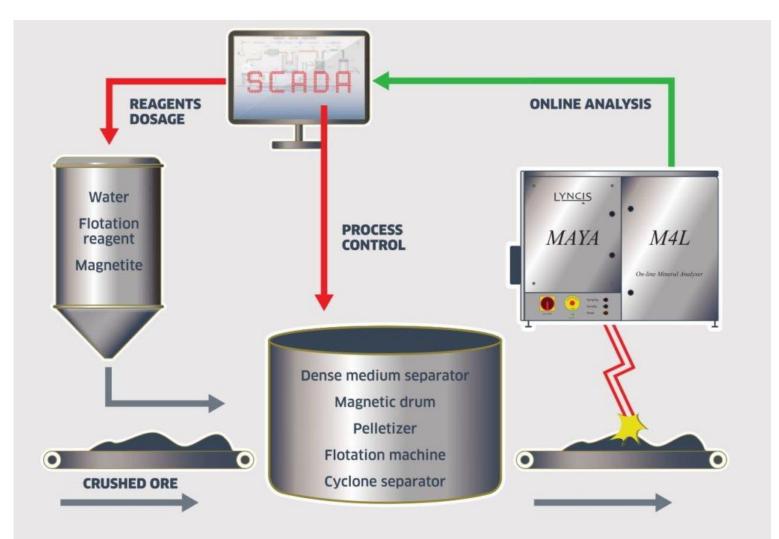


## **Applications**

#### **Advanced Beneficiation Process**

Scenarios:

- Online chemical composition data drives beneficiation process decisions in real-time. The optimal dosage of flotation reagents minimizes production cost.
- Feed-forward control by monitoring incoming production quality and adjusting separation technology parameters ensure the highest mineral recovery.
- Tailings are monitored making sure the production is set to minimize the loss of valuable minerals.



## **Case Study – Advanced Beneficiation Process Control**



Fertilizer Plant

Production of fully soluble Potassium chloride (96-98 % KCl)

## **Case Study – Advanced Beneficiation Process Control**

Laser online analyzer was installed on a production conveyor after hot leaching and crystallization process to monitor incoming product quality.

#### Analytical Task:

Online measurement of NaCl, Ca, Mg, KCl in wet cake

#### **Automation Process Control:**

 Leaching/Crystallization process feedforward control by water dosage based on NaCl level in the product



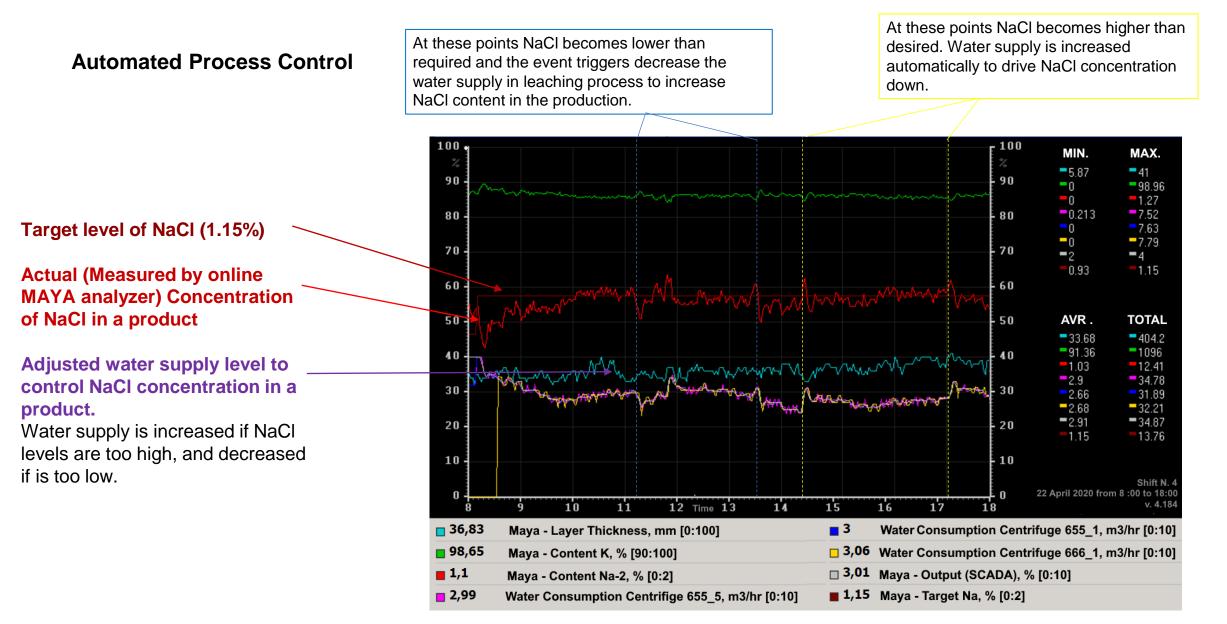
## Plant Lab and LIBS Online comparison

Long lasting good correlation with laboratory analysis in real time conditions with materials on conveyor belt



Long term Lab - LIBS NaCl comparision

## **Case Study – Water Dosage in Crystallization Process**



## **Benefits**

- Higher utilization of valuable minerals with the same raw material throughput
- Reduced consumption of water and energy
- Minimize Tailings
- Reduced manual labor in sample preparation

**Investment Payback – 6 months** 

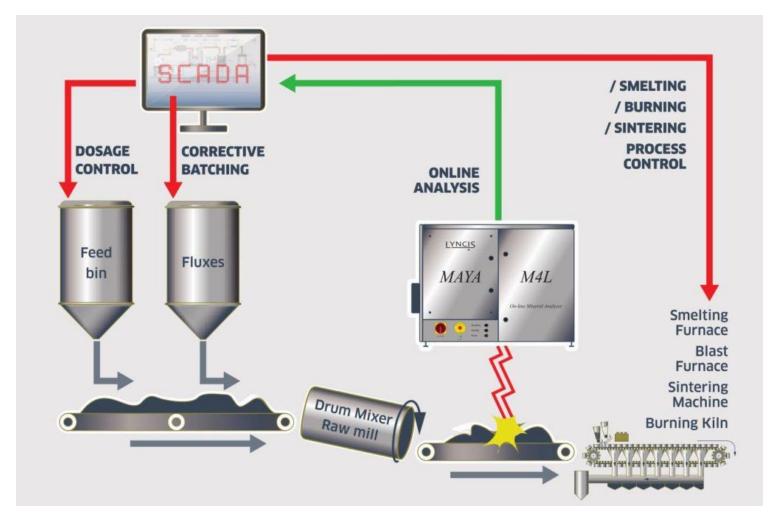


## **Applications**

#### **Optimal Blending and Targeted Mix Control**

Scenarios:

- Real-time chemical composition data is used to adjust weight feeders delivering required dosage of raw materials and additives. Stable and targeted product quality can be achieved without overuse of valuable minerals.
- Stable kiln performance ensures lower energy consumption.



## **Case Study – Dosage of additives**

#### Task:

Online analysis of CaO and Fe for automatic dosage of fluxes

#### **Economic benefits**

• The average standard deviation of product quality was reduced by 20%. It led to stable operations, higher product quality, and reduction of fuel consumption in furnace operations

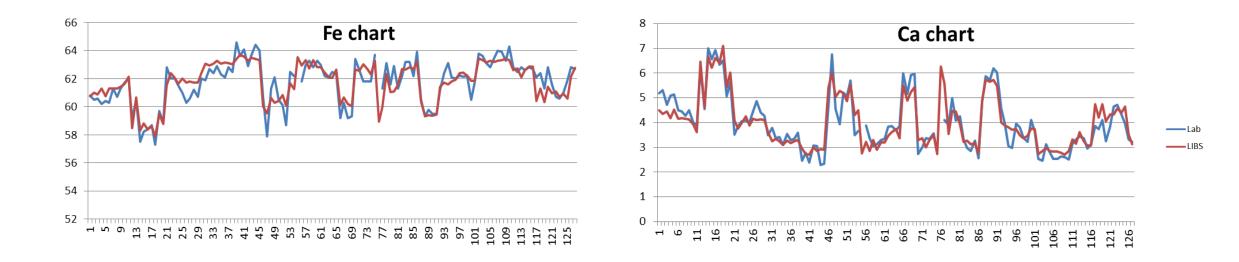




Payback ~ 3-4 months

## **Case Study – Dosage of additives**

Long term Fe & CaO stable and reliable online measurements



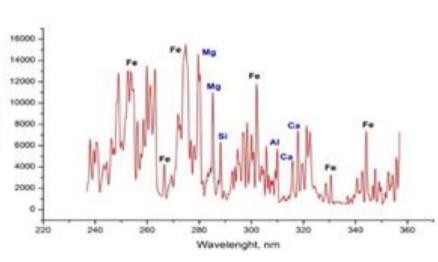


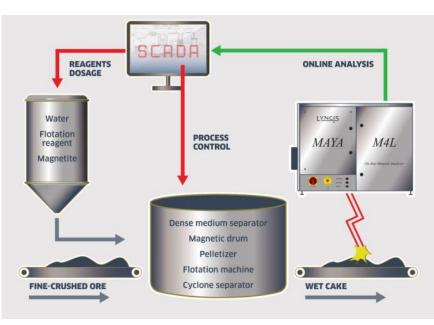
## Conclusion

## Discover hidden value from raw ore chemistry fluctuations

Access to real-time elemental analysis enables you to make better decisions in the production process





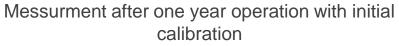


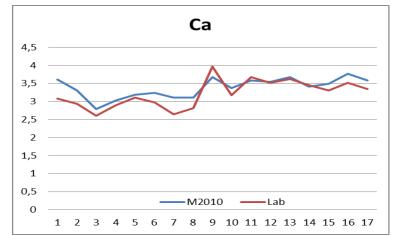
- Higher recovery of valuable minerals
- Reduced consumption of reagents, water, energy
- Targeted product quality
- Reduced manual labor in sample preparation

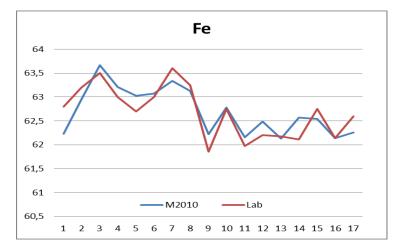
## LIBS - Future for Accurate and Reliable online measurements in mining and mineral processing industry

#### Advantages:

- Low detection limit, accurate and stable analysis of all elements of interest and parameters such as moisture, loss of ignition and others
- No regular re-calibration requirements
- Low operational and maintenance cost compared with alternative online analysis technologies
- Radiation Free, environment and people safe technology







At metalurgical plant LIBS Online system was 7 years in

operations without a need for recalibration

## Safety

#### Safety First!

#### LIBS - Environmentally and personal safe technology

• No gamma-ray, neutron or X-ray radiation. No governmental permissions and licenses are needed for operating and transporting the equipment.



## What about your plant? Is there additional value hidden in your raw material flow?

- 1. Pinpoint the locations in your process schematics where real-time data could help you to optimize your production
  - 2. Assess The Benefit such system can create
  - 3. Start the project which could lead to high ROI





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## **Additional Information**

#### 1. Industries

- 2. Surface Measurement True Bulk Flow Measurement
- 3. LIBS Spectrum
- 4. Advanced Data Analytics
- 5. Long term stable continuous automatic operations
- 6. Equipment Technical Specifications
- 7. Software
- 8. Installation and Routine Maintenance

## Industries

#### **10+** years of experience in various industries

Industry-proven technology, used by clients in N. America, Europe and Asia. First installation - in 2008 (USA)

We operate in the following industries:

- Fertilizers (phosphate, potassium, composite NPK P, K, Na, moisture and others)
- Iron and Steal (iron ore and concentrate, sinter mix, limestone, coke -Fe, Si, Ca, Mg, Mn, C, moisture and others)
- Industrial Minerals (limestone, quartz, clays, nepheline...)
- **Cement** (limestone, raw meal Ca, Si, Al, Fe...)
- Refractories (Mg, Si, Ca, Fe, Al, Cr, B, Mn and others)
- **Coa**l (C, ash content, volatiles, moisture Fe, Al, Si, Mg, Ca...)
- Base metals (Cu, Al, Co, Mo, Zn and others)
- Bauxite and Alumina

and others

#### Examples of Installations:





# Limestone

#### Refractories



Fertilizers



Slurry, brines







## **Surface Measurement – True Flow Measurement**

LIBS provides accurate material flow measurement and is not affected by layer thickness, material load or conveyor construction and does not require measurement corrections based on additional sensors or assumed material distribution models.

LIBS system can perform thousands of measurements per minute to deliver representative data of the entire flow. The analyzer is installed at the location where material distribution has random nature. Locations after raw ore crusher, mill, discharge chute can be defined as having random material distribution and this can ensure that statistically accurate chemical composition of entire flow is measured.

If no random distribution exists at desired measurement point simple mechanical tools (plunges, chains) are used to mix the material on a conveyor and ensure the surface measurement statistically represents an entire flow.



Examples of mechanical aid to ensure entire flow chemical composition analysis is delivered







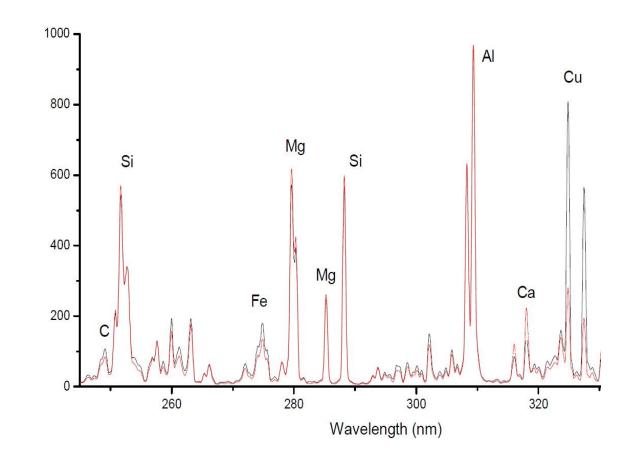
## **LIBS Spectrum**

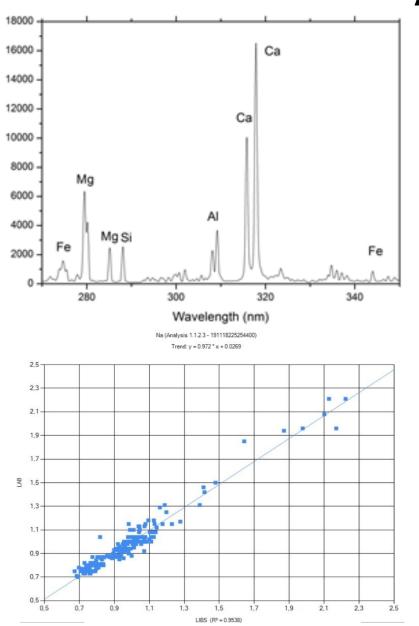
#### LIBS Signal Features:

- Clear analytical lines of all required major elements and impurities of interest with no interference
- High signal/background ration

#### Ability to perform:

- Bulk and fine materials analysis
- Slurry and pulp analysis





## **Advanced Data Analytics**

#### **Machine Learning and chemometrics**

Online elemental analyzers are equipped with data processing modules and use advanced machine learning and chemometrics technics to monitor and learn the material changes during continuous processes.

This ensures accurate and stable measurements through the lifetime of the processing plant.

#### We use for data reprocessing and optimal calibration:

- **PCA/PCR** Principal Component Analysis/Regression)
- Neural Networks
- **SVM** Support-vector machine)
- **PLS** Partial least squares regression)
- Classification algorithms

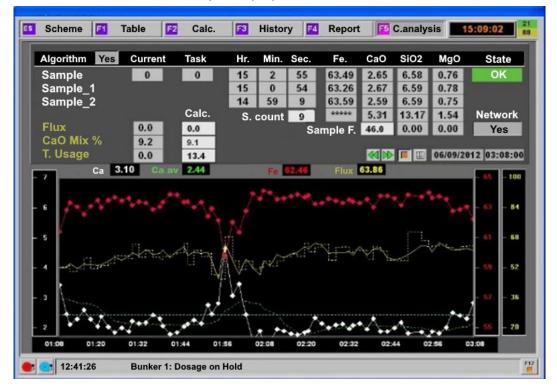
## Long term stable continuous automatic operation

#### Fully automatic 24/7 operation provides real-time chemistry of material streams without sampling and sample preparation



#### Integration with customer's SCADA

#### for prompt process control



## **Technical specifications**

Operation temperatures from -20 °C to +50 °C

Protection class - IP65

Corrosion, dust and vibration protection

Integration with all SCADA types; cloud and remote communication capabilities

Nd:YAG solid state impulse laser 1064 nm Laser safety Class 1

Spectrometers detect 170 – 960 nm range

Safe Radiation-Free LIBS technology generates only optical wave range during excitation and emission



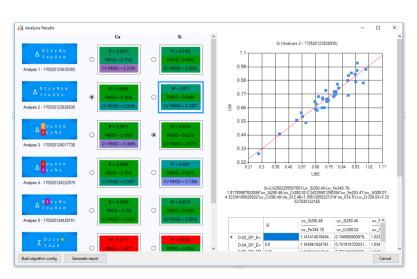
24/7 continuous operation Direct on-belt / pipeline analysis NO sampling Designed for harsh industrial environment

## Software

- Performance monitoring and auto notification if calibration fine tuning is recommended
- Easy addition of new sample points to calibration database
- Remote Control and assistance in monitoring and adjusting machine performance
- Industry 4.0 integration

Full SCADA/PLC integration and networking capabilities allow the analyzers to be integrated in any Industry 4.0 and manufacturing ecosystem.





## **Installation and Maintenance**

## **Requirements for installation**

- Simple frame: Installed 30 – 120 cm above the material Dimensions~1.5 (L) x 0.9 (D) x 1.3 (H) m Weight ~ 450 kg
- **Compressed Air** 600-1200 l/min, 8 bar
- Maintenance
- Laser diode replacement once in 5-10 years
- Air filters cleaning or replacement depends on dustiness - monthly
- Protection window manual or air cleaning weekly



Low cost of ownership compared to any other online measurement alternatives